WHAT TO REPORT?

- WHO or WHAT you saw;
- WHEN you saw it;
- WHERE it occurred; and
- WHY it's suspicious
- For emergencies, call 911

For non-emergencies, call (619) 531-2000 or (858) 484-3154



Want to do more to protect our community?

Join the InfraGard San Diego Members Alliance to assist in mitigating criminal- and terrorist-based threats and losses. www.infragardsd.org



REPORT SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITY

San Diego Law Enforcement Coordination Center

858-495-7200 www.sd-lecc.org

San Diego Police Department

619-531-2000 • For emergencies dial 911 www.sandiego.gov/police

City of San Diego Office of Homeland Security 619-533-6760 www.sandiego.gov/ohs

San Diego Joint Terrorism Task Force

If you're unsure if activity is "suspicious," please remember to focus on the actual behavior. Factors such as race, ethnicity, national origin, or religious affiliation alone are not suspicious. We are committed to ensuring that the privacy, civil rights, and civil liberties or our citizens are preserved.

The City of SAN DIEGO

Eight Signs of Terrorism



San Diego Law Enforcement Coordination Center

San Diego Joint Terrorism Task Force

Eight Signs of Terrorism

Surv Terroris

Surveillance

Terrorists may conduct surveillance to determine a target's strengths and weaknesses.

Be aware of someone who appears to be monitoring security personnel or equipment, or gauging emergency response time. Suspicious activities could include using vision enhancing devices, asking for blueprints, or showing a heightened interest in security measures and access to facilities.



Elicitation

A terrorist may try to gain information about the operations and security of a potential target by

asking for information about a specific place.

This information could be gathered many ways: By phone, email, in person, or even by gaining employment at the location.





Terrorists need to raise money for their operations and spend it in a way that doesn't draw attention. This could be done many ways: Through crimes such as counterfeit merchandise sales, burglary, or even funneling money through legitimate businesses.

Be aware of unusually large transactions paid with cash or gift cards, or someone soliciting a donation for a charity you've never heard of.

Acquiring Supplies



To conduct an attack, terrorists may need a variety of supplies, such as weapons, transportation and

communication systems.

Suspicious activities could include a vehicle left in an unusual place; stockpiling fertilizers, weapons, even one-time use cell phones; acquiring or stealing uniforms; and forging personal identification or passports.

Impersonation

Terrorists may impersonate law enforcement officers, firefighters, EMS or paramedic personnel,

mail carriers, or company employees to gain information. If they don't have official identification or are acting out of the ordinary for that given position – it's a red flag.

Rehearsal

Terrorists often rehearse a planned attack to make sure their operation runs smoothly. This may include measuring the response times of emergency responders, and possibly using police radios.

This is when terrorists ar

This is when terrorists are putting their plans into place, getting into position, moving supplies and to attack

preparing to attack.

If you believe there is imminent danger, call 911 immediately.

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